WORKERS & COMMUNITY BENEFITS

MSU REI Innovate Michigan! Summit September 2020



ABOUT D4

- Coalition Formed in 2010 four constituents
- Use the development process to further social & economic equity
- Create "win-win" scenarios for community, workers, the economy, and environment
- Three types of Programs:
 - Technical Assistance
 - Civic Leadership & Training
 - Policy Research & Advocacy







WHAT ARE COMMUNITY BENEFITS?

- Ways that a development can be used to achieve a larger social or economic equity aim. Some Examples might include:
 - Providing additional affordable housing units, or units with deeper affordability
 - Encouraging local, small, and/or entrepreneurs of color in commercial and retail spaces
 - Hiring local residents, women, people of color, low-income individuals, or other protected classes
 - Utilizing building techniques promoting greater environmental sustainability
 - Providing space for community, arts, or general public use

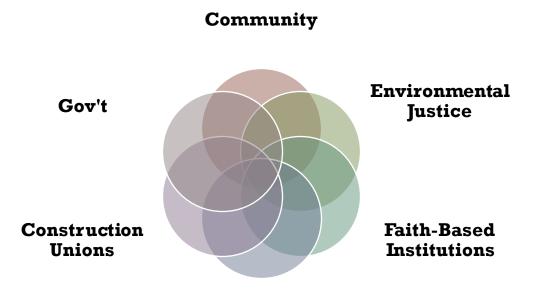






AN EQUITABLE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA

- Many Stakeholders, many points of view
- Agenda represents a number of items, trying to identify shared interest and achieve win-win solutions
- An important overlap is worker wellbeing and targeted local hiring
 - Can promote place-based hiring and workforce development



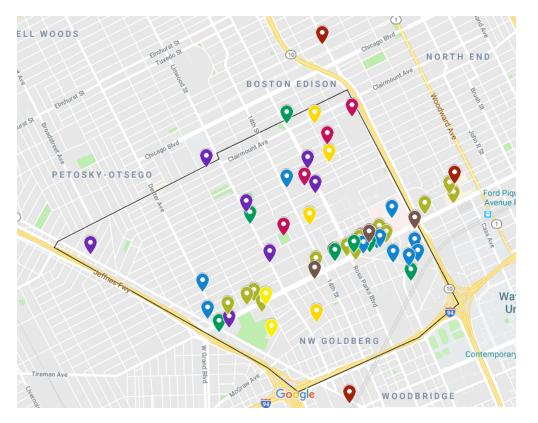






PLACE-BASED WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

- A way to amplify common workforce development initiatives utilizing local assets
- Often a partnership between large employer(s) and community groups
- Often sees a combination of:
 - Community partnerships and co-hosted events
 - Community-centered and culturallycompetent entry point for applicants
 - Targeted hiring goals promoting equity









EXAMPLE 1: OAKLAND ARMY BASE (2012)

- 2000+ new permanent jobs for global trade and distribution center
- Created local Job Resource Center
 - Employer shall exclusively consider workers referred by the Jobs Resource Center during a five day period
- Targeted hiring for local and disadvantaged workers including: single parents, veterans, returning citizens, unemployed for past 6 months
- Living wage provisions





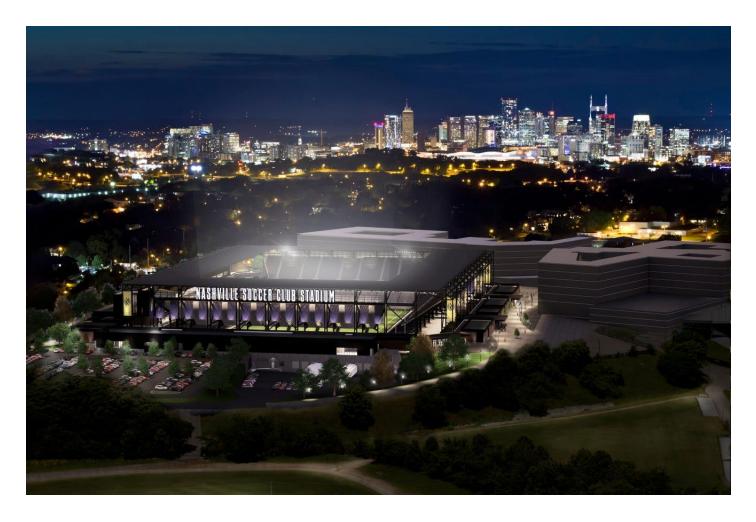


EXAMPLE 2: BUCKS STADIUM (2016)

- First Source Hiring Program
 - Collaboration between City Agencies and community orgs
- Hiring Hall recruits and screens applicants
- Quarterly meetings with employer
- At least 50% hires from targeted low-income census tracts
- Wage Floor for workers, will be \$15/hour by 2023
- Employees free to join a union







EXAMPLE 3: NASHVILLE SOCCER STADIUM

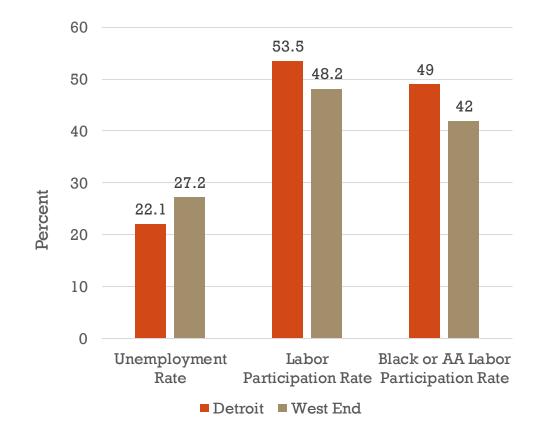
- First Source Hiring Program
 - Developer considers qualified local applicants first
- Provided dedicated Program
 Coordinator, housed within
 Stand Up Nashville
- Collaborates with 6 local community groups to recruit and refer residents
- Set aside for on-site childcare and small businesses
- Affordable Housing provision
- Wage floor of \$15.50 / hour





WHAT ARE WE HOPING TO ADDRESS

- Potential concern that the development is not helping those local residents who are most directly impacted by the development
- Mismatch between unemployment and job centers
- Deeper barriers to employment
 - Many large developments, especially industrial ones, are in low-income communities of color
 - Other resultant barriers



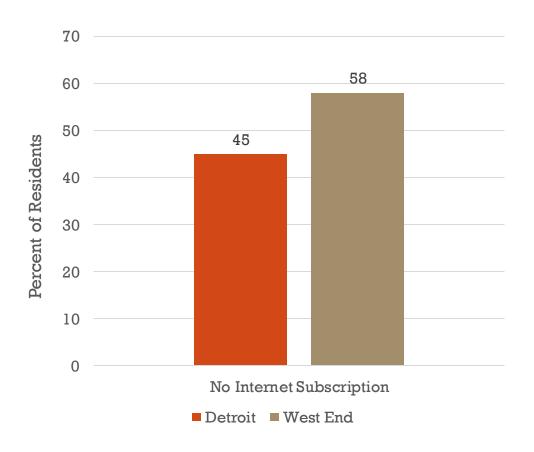




ADDRESSING BARRIERS

Based on D4 research and a series of focus groups we hosted between 2017 and 2019, we found that:

- Many low-income Detroiters aren't aware of existing workforce development programs, pointing to a "last mile" problem in getting Detroiters information
- There sometimes is a trust barrier between Detroiters and workforce agencies
- Transportation remains a major barrier for low-income families
- Many low-income families have limited access to home computers or internet









EXAMPLE 4: WGBC JOBS PIPELINE

The West Grand Boulevard Collaborative (WGBC) is an all volunteer organization serving the "West End" Detroit.

West End Facts:

HH Median Income

• Detroit: \$26,249

West End: \$19,721

 Percent Black or African-American:

• Detroit: 80%

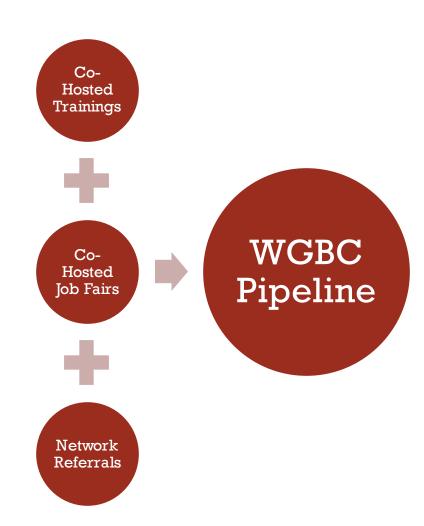
West End: 92%





ABOUT WGBC PIPELINE

- Formed in 2014, as result of CBA signed with HFHS and Cardinal Health
- Agreement to co-host workshops and trainings
 - Around 15 workshops held between 2016 and 2018
 - Most have focused on fundamental employment skills and introduction to HFHS application
- Referral network of around 20 organizations
 - Partners refer applicants to pipeline
 - Pipeline refers applicants to partner service providers if needed







ABOUT WGBC PIPELINE (CONT.)

- Relationship with WGBC and HFHS reaffirmed and expanded in LOU around new Cancer Center signed in April 2019
- Job Fair hosted in July 2019
 - WGBC marketed the event and went door to door
 - Almost 300 people attended
 - Job offers extended to 97 people
- 2019 study showed that a dedicated "Jobs Navigator" would dramatically increase effectiveness
 - D4 working with partners to fundraise
- Negotiating around new laundry facility







CHALLENGES & CONSIDERATIONS

- Employer cooperation
 - Initial hiring phase vs. ongoing (Oakland)
- Community capacity
 - Funded staff person (Nashville)
- Entry level jobs and career ladder
 - Need for access to additional training
 - Non-management jobs (Oakland)
- Regular meetings and feedback (all)







A VISION FOR EVOLVED HIRING HALL

- Developer / Employer agrees to First Source
 Hiring with virtual and physical location
- A dedicated Jobs Navigator(s) utilizing ground relationships with community leaders and institutions (e.g. churches) to raise awareness about job opportunities and host trainings
- Personal, individual attention helping local residents to get hired, retain employment, and train for new skills
- Partnership with Community, Government, and Employer(s) – creating custom training cognizant of local skills and employer needs
- Regular convenings of partners







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